PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 94. PITTSBURGH, JULY 11, 1817. Vol. 32.

NEW LINE OF STAGES,

From Baltimore and Washington city, to M'Connel's-town by way of Frederick-town, Hager's-town and Mercersburg.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the stages from Baltimore and Washington city, commenced and will continue to run as follows, viz.—Leave Gadsby's hotel, in Baltimore and Washington city, both every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, at four o'clock, A. M.—Leave Frederick-town at one o'clock P. M.—Arrive at M'Connel's-town at six o'clock P. M.—Leave Eddy's hotel in Hagers-town, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at four A. M.—Arrive at M'Connelstown at eleven A. M.—When returning leave A. Linnsay's stage-office, M'Connel's-town, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at eight A. M.—Arrive at Hager's-town every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at four P. M.—Arrive at Baltimore and Washington city, (both early) same evening. This arrangement is made in order to accommodate travellers who wish to go to Baltimore or Washington city, by that route. The accommodations to Washington city, are very convenient for travellers. They can, by entering at M'Connelstown, arrive at Washington city—in one day and a half—and to Baltimore in the same time.—Gentlemen travelling on horse back, who wish to take this way from M'Connelstown—can have their horses completely taken care of until their return. Travellers on this route, through so beautiful a country—will find every thing arranged to their satisfaction.

The stages built upon the most improved principle, are easy and commodious—the drivers sober, obliging and attentive—and horses well selected for their duty—uncommonly fine. The proprietors will pledge themselves that the public shall be fully accommodated. All baggage—parcels, &c. by the above stages—(let it be understood)—are at the risk of the owners

JOSEPH BOYD,
MICHAEL KAPP,
JAMES REESIDE.

Washington city, May 1, 1817. } 3m

ALLEN and GRANT

HAVE FOR SALE,

50 boxes tin-plates,
10 half chests Young Hyson tea,
1 chest Imperial tea,
11 casks Sherry wine,
4 do. Port do.
2 do. Brandy,
2 do. Spirits,
1 cask Madeira wine,
1 do. Teneriffe do.

Also.—Loaf sugar—Indigo—Pepper—Maderd Almonds, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 24, 1817.

Ormsby & Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

30 bbls prime Pork,
30 half bbls mess Pork—for family use,
50 tierces Hams—in pickle,
2 tons Bacon—superior quality,
2 tons Venison Hams,
100 bbls. Whiskey,
20 kegs Tobacco,
30 boxes cut tacks and sprigs,
15 bbls. Pearl Ash,
Real Campeachy Logwood.
IRON, CASTINGS &c.
20 cwt. country Sugar—in barrels,
250 bbls. Kenhawa Salt.

Pittsburgh, May 30. 1817.

BIRMINGHAM.

THE subscriber, having laid off part of his property in the town of Birmingham into LOTS suitable for the erection of dwellings, offers them for sale at reasonable prices, upon the following terms—$10 payable in hand, and the residue as follows—$1 per week—$4 per month, or $13 per quarter, at the option of the purchaser, *with* interest.

On the payment of the purchase money, or satisfactory security being given for the same Deeds will be made to the purchaser, with general warranty, *clear from ground rent*, or any incumbrance whatever.

A Plan can be seen at the Office of James M. Denny, Esq. in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and at the house of the Subscriber in Birmingham.

JAMES PATTERSON.

November 29, 1816 1awtf.

WASHINGTON HALL, New York.

IN consequence of the sale of this establishment the public have been impressed with an idea that it is shut up. The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that under a lease of some years, he still continues with an usual disposition to accommodate; returning his exertions and grateful for the support he has heretofore met with; he hopes for a continuance of public patronage.

The above establishment is spacious and airy, and from the pleasant situation in which it is placed, cannot fail in making it a very agreeable and desirable residence for travellers during their stay in New York.

June 27, 1817. P. M'INTYRE. 4

Portrait Painting.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh, that intending to remain in this place a short time, he has taken a room in the Brick building of Mrs. Irwin corner of the Diamond, where he will execute portrait painting in a style of superior elegance.

Having studied under one of the first artists in New York, and been in the practice of the profession a long time, he feels confident of being enabled to give the most ample satisfaction.

Orders for Plain and ornamental sign painting, Military Standards, Masonic Carpets &c. will be attended to and executed by a person under the immediate direction and superintendance of the subscriber

E. G. NELSON.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1817.——6m

LOOK! *before you* LEAP!

TRESPASSING, marauding and pilfering, having become so prevalent in the neighbourhood of Pittsburgh, we have considered it a bounden duty to protect our property from such violators of both the laws and constitution of our country. And any person who may in future be detected either in trespassing on our property and enclosures, plundering, or pilfering and destroying of what is *ours*, and not *theirs*, may rest assured, that without any exception of persons, they will be prosecuted to the full extent of law provided against such offenders.—The foolish and inconsiderate, depend on their *heels* nocturnal address and unknown faces; but they must reflect that good dogs, and guns of *sure fire*, may bring them to justice.—This notice will be considered in its true spirit, and not to cut ourselves off from the intercourse of our friends, or that society which we shall always be happy in seeing at our houses, by the highway thereto.

A. TANNEHILL,
W. PRICE,
GEORGE REIS,
ANDREW WATSON,
DAVID PRIDE,
JOHN IRWIN,
WM. PORTER,
JANE M'COLOUGH,
PETER KINTNER.

May 17, 1817—3m.

The Real Estate of

STAEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided into small Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 26, 1816.

Removal.

ARMOR AND WALLACE,

Have removed to their new Ware house in Wood street between water and Front streets, where they will transact business as usual in the COMMISSION LINE.

Pittsburgh April 29th 1817.

JAMES LAUBIE,

Diamond, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received, & has for sale, on the most reasonable terms,

Best Spanish Cigars by the box,
Raisins by the do.
Port Wine,
Madeira, do.
Teneriff,
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Cordials,
Dryed Fruits, &c.

December 17th, 1816——1y

Porter, Ale, Spruce-Beer,

BOTTLING CELLAR.

JAMES TAYLOR

AT the foot of Wood street opposite Messrs Allen and Grant's, has always on hand, the above articles of the best quality—and which on trial will be found equal if not superior to any in this place.——All orders attended to with punctuality.

SUPERIOR LIQUID BLACKING,

For Boots Shoes &c.

By the single bottle or quantity.

Warranted to give the most elegant jet polish—and will not stain the finest linnen.——A liberal discount made to large purchasers.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1817. 3

250 Boxes best Spanish Cigars,

Just received and for Sale by

Peter L'Horton, Confectioner,

Water Street,

JAMES M'CAY.

At his Grocery Store on Water street between Market and Ferry streets offers for sale a quantity of

Common Cyder
Boiled Cyder
Cider Royal by the barrel.

Pittsburgh, July 1st 1817.——2mo.

To Merchants, Attornies and Others.

WANTS a situation. A young man of good education and who understands book-keeping in a wholesale or retail store, or to superintend any business; would have no objections to engage as clerk to an attorney, having been accustomed to that employment, and would render himself useful to his employer when not actually engaged in writing.——A line addressed to A. B. and left at the Post office, West Liberty, Brooke county, Va. will be respectfully attended to.

July 1, 1817.——3p

FOR SALE, BY

RICHD. BOWEN & CO.

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,
Currant Wine,
Whiskey
Loaf, and Domestic Sugar,
Almonds, Chocolate, Codfish
Allum, Allspice, Brimstone, Ginger,
DOMESTIC PLAIDS, STRIPES, SHIRTINGS, and TICKING,
Copperas, Rosin
Spanish flotant Indigo.
Soal Leather
Cotton Cards;
Juniata Bar Iron
American, Crowley and German Steel
Cut and wrought Nails
Castings assorted
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Post do.
Medium and demy Printing do.
Wrapping do. Bonnet boards
Window Glass
Bottles assorted in boxes, Porter do.
Birmingham Queensware
Kentucky twist and pigtail Tobacco
American Cigars
Bar and Pig Lead
Pewter Plates,
Axes, hoes, Chains and Screw Augurs
Mill saws,
Coal and wood stoves
Grates and Franklin stoves
Sad and Waffle Irons
Cast Iron Gudgeons and Cranks
Waggon Boxes
Wrag and Fan-mill irons,
Cast Tea kettles,
Pickled Beef in barrels,
AN INVOICE OF SADDLERY,
Leaf Tobacco in hogsheads,

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

Shot, Flour, | Cheese, Bacon, and

Kenhawa Salt.

Pittsbugh, July 1, 1817. 2awtf

The Subscriber

GRATEFULLY acknowledges the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, but in consequence of his going to leave this place, he respectfully requests all those who know themselves indebted to him either by note or book account, to discharge the same on or before the 24th July.

And those having claims against him will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN PATTERSON.
Watch-maker.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1817.

WM. HILL,

AT HIS

Wholesale Ware-house,

Opposite Kerr's Hotel, in Market-street

HAS FOR SALE,

1,200 Pair men's coarse shoes
Prime green Coffee, in bags
St. Domingo do. do.
Y. H. Tea, in chests
Allum, Copperas, Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Indigo and Brimstone, in Kegs
Cloves, Nutmegs and Cinnamon
6d. 8d. and 10d. Nails
English Millington Crowly Steel
Spades and Shovels
Writing and Wrapping-paper
Kentucky Tobacco
Logwood
Country Linens and Thread in cuts and per lb.
Queens-ware in crates
Sickles

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware, viz.

Knives and Forks—Butt-hinges—Wood screws—Files—C. S. & German Hand-saws, &c. &c.

ALSO—AN ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——2awtf

To Owners of Horses.

A NUMBER of the merchants of Philadelphia, desirous of promoting the internal intercourse of the state, and of facilitating their trade and connection with the western states, have united themselves into an association, under the name of "The Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company." Their object is to reduce and equalize throughout the year, the cost of carriage, and to diminish the time now required, for the transport of merchandize to the western waters. They therefore purpose to establish Lines of Wagons, to start daily from Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, to run day and night, changing horses every ten miles.

It must be evident to every enlightened person, that the success of the proposed system is most intimately connected with the interests of the whole community. It is important for the interiour of our state, that the trade of the western country should be maintained with the Atlantick cities; to secure which, the plan now contemplated, it is believed, will be effectual. A reduction in the rates, and in the time required for the transportation of Goods, to and from the Atlantick cities to the western waters, will enable the farmers and others to transmit their products to market with facility and cheapness, and procure a supply of foreign articles on more favourable terms. It will also increase the demand for horses, travelling, the value of lands, and in fine, add much to the improvement and importance of the towns and country on the route. Owners of horses, will find constant and profitable employment for them near their homes; which is surely preferable to uncertain employment at a distance.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED,

For hauling the Wagons any number of sections of ten miles, each section, going and returning, to be performed within every twenty hours, and persons desirous of contracting will state the section or sections they will contract for.

The loading as far as Carlisle, will not exceed 4000 lbs. and from thence to Pittsburgh 3500, or 3200 when the roads are in a bad state.

The following conditions will be required.

1. Each contractor must give satisfactory security for the faithful performance of his contract.
2. Each contract must be for one year.
3. The contractor to be at every expense for his horses and driver, including the harness.
4. The Wagons must travel two miles an hour, changing horses every ten miles without any unnecessary delay.
5. The contractors will be accountable to the Company, for all delays or damages which may arise from fraud or mismanagement upon the road, embraced within their contract.

Turnpike and Bridge Tolls will be paid by the Company.

Application to be made by Letter as early as possible, directed to the Subscriber, agent for the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company in Philadelphia.

THOMAS HARPER,
AGENT for the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company.

June 16, 1817.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

(*Market, between 3d and 4th streets.*)

Dry Goods, Wines, Groceries, and Hardware.

Summer Assortment.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that, he has formed partnership in business with Messrs. John nd Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, to be conducted under the firm of

JOHN M'CLEAN & CO.

who are at present opening, and will be regularly supplied with, an extensive and excellent assortment of articles in the above line, which being purchased principally at *Auction* in Philadelphia, will be disposed of at a very small advance,

Wholesale and Retail,

For cash, *approved notes* or country produce, *only.*

JOHN M'CLEAN.

Pittsburgh, June 10, 1817.

WOOL CARDING.

COMMON WOOL

Carded at 6 1-4 cents per lb.
Done in the best manner, 8 cents.
Merino wool in proportion according to the quality.

JOHN WALKER.

Montours run, Moon township.
July 1, 1817.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE,

100 hhls Conemaugh Salt,
116 do Whiskey,
22 N. Orleans Sugar,
25 kegs Trotter's Powder,
12 do Copperas,
2000 lbs. Logwood,
4000 do Bacon.

ARMOR & WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, June 17, 1817.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1817.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,

BY JOHN I. SCULL,

In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

Pittsburgh Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE.

ARTICLES.		*From* D.	C.	*to* D.	C.
Ale,	doz	3	30		
Ashes, pot,	lb.		6		
—— pearl,			7		9
Beef,			7		10
Bread, crackers,	keg		75		
—— ship bread,	bbl.	6	50		
Butter, (keg)	lb.		16		18
Coffee, fine green,			33		
—— 2d quality,			32		
—— 3d quality,			30		
Candles, mould,			22		25
—— dipt,			20		25
Cheese, N. Connecticut			12½		14
—— country,			10		12½
Cotton, Tennessee			35		
Corn Meal,	bush.	1		1	50
Clover Seed,		10			
Coal, Stone,			8		10
Feathers,	lb.		60		75
Flax, clean,			12		15
Flour, sup.	bbl.	7		7	50
Furr, Beaver,	lb.	3		4	
Glass, 7 by 9,	100 feet	13			
—— 8 by 10,		14			
—— 10 by 12,		15			
Grain, wheat,	bush.	1	50		
—— rye,		1			
—— barley,		1			
—— corn,			90		
—— oats,			50		62
Gunpowder, best	lb.		50		
Glue,			31		
Hams, Kentucky			12		14
—— country,			10		12½
Iron, Juniata,	ton	210			
—— Monongahela		185			
—— Hoop, large,		230		240	
—— Do. small,		240		250	
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.		20		25
—— do. foreign,			23		
Lead, pig,			9		
—— barr,			11		
—— red,			15	16	
—— white, dry			19		
—— do. ground in oil.	cwt		22		
Leather, soal, Spanish,			33	35	
—— do. country,			30		
—— upper,	side	3		4	
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14		20
—— wrought,			22		25
—— spikes,			20		
Oil, linseed,	gal	1	20	1	25
—— fish,	bbl	46			
Pork,		8			
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3	50		
——	bbl.	6			
Salt		8		9	
Segars, Spanish,	box.	15		16	
—— American,		2	75	3	
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		12½		
Skins, deer,			18		
—— Muskrat,			28		
—— Racoon, prime			55		62
Soap, white,	lb.		17		20
—— rosin,			12½		
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	36			
—— American,		23			
—— blistered,	cwt.	17			
Sugar, New-Orleans,	lb		25		27
—— country,			18		20
—— loaf,			40		
—— lump,			38		
Tallow,			12½		15
Tobacco, country man.			20		27
—— Kentucky,			18		20
—— Leaf,			8		
Whiskey, rye,	gal.		60		75
Wax, bees,	lb.		25		
Wool, Merino, clean,		1	25	1	50
—— fleece,			80		
—— half breed,			50		
—— quarter,			40		
—— common, clean,			50		
—— fleece,			37½		

DECADENCY OF EASTERN GREATNESS.

The following extract from the conclusion of an account of Arabian literature, will furnish to the reader a favorable specimen of the style of Walsh's "American Register:"—

"Meanwhile the vast regions where Mahometanism reigned, and still reigns, are now dead to all the sciences. The rich plains of Fez and Morocco, illustrious five centuries ago, by so many academies, so many universities, and so many libraries are now nothing but deserts of burning sand for which tyrants contend with tygers — All the gay and fertile shores of Mauritania, where commerce, the arts, and agriculture had flourished in the highest prosperity, are now the retreats of the pirates, who spread terror over the seas, and who relax from their toils in vile debaucheries, till the plague which returns annually, comes to mark out its victims, and avenge outraged humanity. Egypt is nearly lost in the sands which it once fertilized; Syria, Palestine, are desolated by wandering Bedouins, less formidable, however, than the Pacha who oppresses them. Bagdad, formerly the abode of luxury, of power, and of knowledge, is ruined: the once celebrated universities of Cufa, and Bassora, are shut; —those of Samarcand, and of Balch, are also destroyed. In this immense extent of country, two or three times larger than our Europe, nothing is found but ignorance, slavery, terror and death. Few of the inhabitants are able to read any of the writing of their illustrious ancestors; few could comprehend them: none can procure them. The immense literary riches of the Arabians of which we have only taken a glimpse, no longer exist in the countries which the Arabs, and Musselmen rule. It is no longer there that we must seek either the renown of their great men, or their writings. What has been saved of these, is entirely in the hands of their enemies, in the convents of monks, and in the libraries of the Kings of Europe. And yet these extensive countries have not been conquered: it is not the stranger who has despoiled them of their riches, wasted their population, destroyed their laws their customs, and their national spirit. The poison was within them; it developed itself, and has annihilated all.

"Who knows, if, some centuries hence, this same Europe, to which the reign of literature and sciences is now transported, which shines with so great lustre, which judges so well of times past, which compares so well the successive influence of ancient literature and morals, may not be deserted, and wild as the hills of Mauritania, the sands of Egypt, and the vallies of Anatolia? Who knows, whether in a country entirely new, perhaps in the highlands whence flows the Oronoko and the Amazon; perhaps in the now impenetrable enclosure of the mountains of New Holland, there may not be formed nations with other morals, other languages, other thoughts: nations, who shall again regenerate the human race; who shall, like ourselves, study the times past, and who, seeing with astonishment that we have existed, and that we have known what they shall know, that we have believed like them, in durability and glory, shall compassionate our impotent efforts and shall recall the names of the Newtons, the Racines, the Tassos, as examples of the vain struggles of man to attain an immortality of renown which fate denies him."

From the Long Island Star.

Whaling.—On Sunday, the 8th inst. arrived at Sag Harbour, two whaling ships, from the coast of Patagonia, with full cargoes of oil, a part of which is spermaceti. These ships have been very successful, having obtained as much oil as they could stow. Whaling is a business which very particularly benefits the crew, and is, in many respects a desirable branch of navigation. The ships are absent nine or ten months of the year, and stay in port only long enough to refit—generally arriving in June and departing in August—they thus have a pleasant season on the coast, and by reason of the short stay the crew are enabled to husband their earnings.—Notwithstanding the length of the voyage, the ships are rarely in the least disabled. It is a very healthy voyage; and the time consumed in going and coming renders it in the whole less laborious than many would imagine.

This business has heretofore been confined to a few ports in the United States. Nantucket, New-Bedford and Sag Harbor have been considerably engaged in it. The latter place has many local advantages, and as a few individuals have become wealthy by it, we may reasonably infer, that many more may be benefited by its extension. The domestic consumption of *right whale oil*, has of late years much increased; and admitting the foreign demand should be diminished, it would still remain a profitable business.

RENCOUNTER WITH A WOLF.

The following narrative has been given by Worthy Addison, a free colored man of unimpeached veracity belonging to the town of Canaan, Connecticut.

On the 19th of March last, while the said Worthy was travelling alone and on foot over the Cattskill mountains, on the turnpike road leading from Windham to Meredith, a deer in full speed met him in the path which was through a wood. The deer took little other notice of him than to turn out into the snow, and then coming directly again into the path behind him, continued its flight. Passing about a quarter of a mile farther, he observed at a distance in the road before him, an animal which he at first took to be a large dog, apparently on the track of the deer, and rapidly approaching. On a nearer approach the animal stopped, and growled at him. He now perceived it to be a wolf, and swung his hat and hallooed, with intent to frighten him. But finding the wolf advancing, and howling, probably as a signal to other wolves, and seeing no other possible way of retreat, he concluded to meet his adversary with a small cane in each hand. The wolf leaping towards him, seized with his teeth the cane that was aimed at his head, but presently dropped it and retreated. The wolf advanced a number of times, but about a dozen strokes of the cane on the head and legs, induced him to quit the contest; when taking a little into the woods he commenced howling. Worthy supposing him calling for the assistance of his comrades, took to his heels for about half a mile; when he came across two men in a waggon, who had just come into the road and had been listening some time to the howling of wolves. He was permitted to ride with them, but had not proceeded more than half a mile before three wolves made their appearance in the road behind the waggon, which they sharply looked at, and then fell to quarrelling among themselves: Worthy and his companions taking that opportunity to get rid of their ferocious pursuers.

New York, June 23.

Kidnapping.

The exertions of that humane establishment, the Manumission Society, in relieving and protecting the unsuspecting and ignorant Africans, is well known to the inhabitants of this city, and has always received from the benevolent their warmest approbation. A circumstance occurred yesterday, almost without a parallel in the work of deception upon this unfortunate race of men. A small schooner lying at one of our wharves, and purporting to be bound to Albany, received on board six of these miserable creatures. The *real* destination of the vessel appeared in the course of the inquiry to be Darien, in Georgia.—It appears that four of these people of colour had been purchased up the North River, under the pretence that they were to be employed here as hostlers in a livery stable, and the other two were kidnapped in the city. As soon as this fact was made known to the committee of the Society, they entered upon their relief, and in a short time, with the assistance of our vigilant Police, the offenders were arrested & the victims set at liberty. The owner of the schooner was committed to Bridewell, to await his trial, and the captain admitted to bail in the sum of $1000, it being believed he was not concerned in this nefarious transaction.

We cannot sufficiently express our abhorrence at this abominable practice, disgraceful to the country, to humanity and principle; and we ardently hope that a summary punishment of the guilty will effectually prevent the repetition of the like offence.

Tiger Hunting in India.

The following account of a most extraordinary adventure, that occurred some time since in a Tiger hunt, was given in the last Hurkarn.

Tiger Hunt: Presence of Mind.—July 6, 1815. "On the march of our detachment from Lauton to Bulrampore, to join General Wood, we arrived at our first ground of encampment about 3 A. M. Soon after our arrival, the Zumeedar of the village came to us to complain, that a Tiger had taken up his quarters in the vicinity, and committed daily ravages amongst cattle; he had also killed several villagers, and had that morning wounded the son of the Zumeedar. On this information, Lt. Colnett, Capt. Roberston and Dr. Hamilton, mounted their Elephants, and proceeded to dislodge the animal. They soon discovered the object of their search; Lt. Colnett's Elephant being a little in advance was attacked by him; the other Elephants turned round & ran off to a short distance. The Tiger had sprung upon the shoulder of Lt. Colnett's Elephant, who in this situation fired at him, and he fell. Conceiving him to be disabled, Lt. C. descended from the Elephant, for the purpose of dispatching him with his pistols, but in alighting, he came in contact with the Tiger, which had only crouched for a second spring and which having caught hold of him by the thigh, dragged him some distance along the ground. Having succeeded in drawing one of a brace of pistols from his belt, Lt. Colnett fired and lodged a ball in the body of the Tiger, when the beast, becoming enraged, shook him violently without letting go his hold, and made off towards the thickest part of the jungle, with his prey. In the struggle to free himself from the animal, Colnett caught hold of him by both ears, and succeeded after some time in throwing the beast upon his side when he availed himself of this momentary release to draw forth the remaining pistol, and clapping the muzzle to the breast of the tyger, shot him through the heart. He then returned to his Elephant, which he mounted without assistance, feeling at the moment little pain from his wounds, of which he had no fewer than five and twenty, between the knee and the groin many of them severe. I understand he has ever since continued to suffer from the consequences of the conflict, and that he has lost the motion of that knee, which was the seat of the principal injury."

The following extract from Fell's Tour thro' the Batavian Republic, in 1800, while groaning under the domination of revolutionary France, forcibly reminds us of the state of the new England seaports du the exercise of the "*continental system* the late war

"At Maaslandsluys, formerly a fish town of great opulence, I observed most distressing symptoms of impoveris ment and decay. The harbour was crow ed with fishing vessels, no longer empl ed, and many of them unservicea through neglect, or the absolute inabilit their owners to keep them in repair, whi in peace collected the wealth of the ocea and made half the nations of Europe tri tary to the industry of Holland. The qua was covered with long grass, and a melan choly assemblage of beggars importuned us for relief, wherever we walked. Many o the best houses of the town were uninhabi ted, and it was with difficulty that we procured post horses to carry us to Delft.

ABISHAI WAY & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

STORE,

In Market street PITTSBURGH.

HAVE on hand a large and well assorted stock of Fresh

Dry Goods, Groceries and Queensware,

And in daily expectation of an additional supply of Dry goods, among which are

Elegant CANTON CRAPES, SILKS, BOMBAZETTS &c.

100 pieces hanging paper.

Just Received,

100 bbls. fresh sup. Flour

LINSEED OIL,

Prime Leaf Tobacco in hhds.

which they offer For Sale on reasonable terms

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1817

H. Bonnet & Rouand,

BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD, MARKET STREET,

INFORM their customers and others that besides their usual assortment they have just received, viz.

Silk of any kind for Dress and Bonnets,
Canton, Italian and French Crapes,
Silk and lace Shawls of any description,
Ladies and gentlemen's silk and cotton stockings,
Silk gallooms and ribbons of all sorts,
Ladies and men's silk, kid, and leather gloves,
Merino Shawls and trimming,
English lace and gauze,
Thread, silk, and cotton lace,
Bombazett and bombazeen,
Millinet, and wires black and fancy feathers,
Silk cord and Chenills,
Sewing silk, cotton Balls,
Superfine Cloth and Cassimeres,
Berlin Cord and Stockinett,
Marseilles and other Vesting,
Cambric Linnen and Cravatts,
Hat covers, webbing, and Boot Cord,
Suspenders, Kid skins and Parchment,
Silk velvet and Velveteen,
Pens, and other hardware.
Bell, plated and glass buttons,
Dimity and Gingams of any kind,
Irish Linnen, Shirting —— and long cloth,
udia and English plain and figured Muslin
Calicoes, and domestic Cotton,
Domestic Shirting and long cloth,
Black blue, brown, and pink Cambric,
Coffee in bags and barrels,
Shot of every size,
Lead in Pig.

Which articles they can sell by the piece cheap as any in this city, and will only cut superfine Cloths and Cassimeres.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1817 ——ft.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

WHEREAS Luther Cale, of Lewis, in state of Massachusetts, obtained Le Patent from the President of the United S for an improved Bark Mill, and also for the ing of Corn, Plaister, Dyers Stuffs, &c. o 16th of May, 1815. And the said Luther by his deed, dated on the 21st day of Novem 1816, granted and sold to the subscriber, L Bradley, the right of making, using and ve the said Mills in the city of Pittsburgh, in part of Pennsylvania lying north and we French Creek and the Ohio and Allegh ers, in the states of Ohio, Kentucky, Ten Louisiana, Mississippi and Indiana, the T Territories, and all the country belonging United States south and west of the terri states aforesaid.

Now, public notice is hereby given, th authority heretofore given to a certain St John, of Pittsburgh, and a certain Jo by, or to any other person or persons who to make, use, or vend any of the aforesaid within the country above described, is and made void. And that no person may right under the above Patent to use the said Mills, unless he is the authorized the subscriber.

Notice is also given, that Mr. George Merchant, of the city of Pittsburgh, is thorised to make and sell all or any of the improved Mills.

LEMAN BRADL

May 28, 1817.

THEATRE.

THE MANAGERS

Present their most respectful compli to the citizens of Pittsburgh.

INFORM them that the Company is plete, composed of performers of the talents, from the Theatres, New-York, phia—Boston and Charleston, and that tre in this city—will open the first week gust next.

H. Y. LEE
J. ENTWISLE

Pittsburgh, May 23, 1817.

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1817.

☞ Gentlemen who address letters to the editor on their own business, would much oblige him by paying the postage.

"Lucius" has been received and will appear in our next.

Melancholy Accident.—On Wednesday evening last, an apprentice boy of Mr. Wm. Anderson, aged about 15 years, was killed in his steam mill, in the upper part of this city, by being drawn into the spring pit. He had, from all appearances, been attempting to fix a strap, for the purpose of setting in motion a grindstone which is attached to the mill. His foot must have got entangled with the strap, and the mill being in operation, he was drawn between the drum and cog wheel. His body was mangled in the most awful and distressing manner. His head torn to pieces, his leg and arm separated from his body, &c. &c. There being no person be-low when the accident occurred, his body must have several times passed round with the drum before the dreadful accident was discovered.

The New-York Evening Post, says, that a Mr. R—an agent of the government, in the North Western District, has departed this civil life, a public defaulter, to the amount of 300,000 dollars.

Potomac Marble.—The National Intelligencer of June 28th mentions, that "the first blocks of marble for the pillars intended for the interior of the Representatives' Chamber" reached Washington on the 5th. "The marble from which these pillars are quarried, (says the same paper,) is found on the banks of the the Potomac, about forty miles above this place. It has never before been employed for architectural purposes, but is expected to prove a valuable acquisition. The marble resembles that sort which is called in Europe *breccia*, and has the appearance of (what it no doubt is) an aggregation of pebbles of different sizes and colours, principally grey-ish, united, or cemented together, by some liquid substance, which in process of time has become as hard as flint, and the whole mass as consolidated as the firmest marble. This marble is susceptible of a beautiful polish, *and the columns* composed of it will be not *only highly ornamental* to the Capitol, but attract curiosity for the novelty and peculiarity of the material of which they are constructed. All the pillars wanted are expected to be quarried out during the present season, as many hands are employed on them."

British Possessions in South America.—The Baltimore Patriot of Friday last, announces, "on good authority, that the government of Great Britain had become possessed of an extensive tract of land on the river La Plata, which they have fortified by means of great labor and expense; that their property at that place amounts to the enormous sum of *eighty millions of dollars*; and that their agents are dispersed throughout Peru, Chili, Paraguay, &c. Large sums have also been expended in erecting splendid buildings at Buennos Ayres and every precaution has been taken by these emissaries, not only to *purchase* the compliance of the supreme dictator with their views, but to conciliate the favor of the members of the executive Junta, by frequent entertainments, and other insidious means."

A great haul for John Bull.

By the arrival of the British schooner William, we have received Halifax papers to the 11th instant. From the extracts which we have made from them it will be seen that John Bull has thrown his net over twenty sail of American fishing vessels, fishermen, fish and all, and taken them into Halifax, for an alledged infraction of the Ghent Treaty. This poor but hardy race of citizens who have no means of procuring a livelihood in any other way than by fishing, will feel the loss of their smacks more severely than a rich merchant would an Indiaman, and deserve to be pitied. [*N. Y. Ev. Post.*

The editor of the Albany Advertiser, has collected from the "Red Book" or the official list of Government Officers, the amount of salaries received by the peoples' servants. It is really a curious schedule and worthy to be perused and remembered in these times when Direct Taxes are high and money so very hard to be obtained.

At Washington, there are 21 different departments or offices, and Two Hundred and Fifty-seven persons are employed in these different offices, the whole amount of whose salaries per annum, $351,887!! Of the above officers, *Forty Five* are *Foreigners*,

The amount of pay received by Ambassadors, Secretaries and Consuls is estimated at 156,000 per annum.

At this rate, a Republican government costs as much as any other, at all events, its officers are as well paid.

Carolina Ob.

From the Catskill Recorder.

POLITICS.—Party asperity although daily lessening, occasionally flashes in our atmosphere. In Pennsylvania, the battle rages, and truly alarming is the war of *pens* and wreck of *matter*. The corps of scribblers, and punsters, and essayists, after six months drilling, broke the ground with all the chivalric ardour of the good old champions of the quill. Sometimes the engagement is close, and many is the cut and thrust of the sarcasm, the retort, the squib—then the more furious but equally determined push at character, private reputation and domestic felicity—and then the cool and deliberate essay at public conduct. Editors, like puppets, dance between the demagogue and the people, and with rueful or brightened phiz, "hold *sweet* converse."—Indeed,

"Such dialogues, with earnest face,
"Held never Balaam with his ass.

But to be serious—This acrimony and blustering in politics answers no good purpose—It tends only to sharpen the feelings; to break those bonds that unite good men of all parties: and to give designing men an undue and dangerous influence. It is then, the demagogue, "when the people are wrangling about straws, seizes the sceptre;" and it is then, when office seekers are crying "lives & fortunes," and their adherents responding "everlasting attachment," and the puppets of each are throwing dirt in the faces of those who doubt the political omnipotency of either, that the widest breaches are made in constitutions. We are *not* enemies to cool and dispassionate discussion of public measures; and an equally candid sifting of candidates for public favor.—They are the stamina of republics—But we *are* enemies to this farrago of adulation which springs into life at the selection of every political candidate—and which, if opposed gives us raving instead of reasoning, and blustering instead of argument.

There was a report in circulation at Savannah, a few days since, that a band of Patriots under Sir Gregor M'Gregor had taken possession of Amelia Island and hoisted their flag there. Our last Savannah papers do not corroborate this account—and the Augusta Chronicle of the 17th inst. affirms that the "report is premature." This paper states that "the enterprise is on foot and the most sanguine expectations are entertained that all the Floridas will soon be in possession of the Patriots." It will be recollected that Gen. M'Gregor arrived in Charleston but a few weeks since, without any companions but his own family, and that the papers of that city about the 5th inst. announced in a sort of official manner, that his visit there was occasioned entirely by the indisposition of his wife, and that he had no intention of assisting the Patriots. How this can be reconciled with the late reports, we know not. It is to be hoped for the sake of peace that he has not enlisted any forces within our territories or been at all countenanced by any officers of our government. *Carolina Ob.*

The following interesting account of the celebration of Washington's birthday, by our countrymen at Paris, was not received until yesterday. We give it to our readers with much pleasure, as a proof that Americans abroad, as well as at home, unite to celebrate every event which reflects honor to our country.—*N. Y. Nat. Adv.*

Paris, Feb. 28.

The Americans in Paris assembled at Beauvilleers on the 22d Feb. at 6 P. M. at a dinner in honor of Gen. Washington's birth-day. The party consisted of thirty. Christopher Hughes, of Baltimore, presided, supported by Charles King, of New York, Edward Coles, of Virginia, and S. C. Montgomery, of Philadelphia as vice-presidents. The invited guests were Mr. Gallatin, on the right, and the veteran Marquis de la Fayette, on the left of the president. Young Fayette and David Parish, who never loses an opportunity of showing his respect for every thing connected with the U. S.

The Marquis had rode 45 miles to be at the dinner, and had arrived in Paris only 10 minutes before the company sat down. There was an expression of pleasure on the countenance of every one present when they saw him enter the saloon. It was delightful to behold so numerous an assembly of Americans meeting to commemorate the birth of the illustrious father of their country, and to devote their thoughts exclusively to that happy land which flourishes under the benign results of the services and example of the great and good Washington, whose equal has never yet been seen.

The following toasts were drank:

The day we celebrate—Immortalized by the birth of Washington.

Our Country—Happy, great and free; absence and distance but increase our affection for it.

The President of the United States.

The King of France.

The memory of Dr. Franklin.

Our distinguished guest and compatriot Gen. de la Fayette—One of the earliest defenders of liberty in the new world; one of its first advocates in the old.

General La Fayette arose and, with much feeling said:

"While I most gratefully enjoy these testimonies of your friendship, permit me to receive them as a token of remembrance for that old army of American brothers, who had to boast of a Washington as their paternal chief. It is in the name of the surviving veterans that I beg you to accept our affectionate thanks."

By Gen. La Fayette. To the memory of the American and French soldiers, who gloriously fell in defending their countries against foreign invasion.

By Mr. Gallatin. American institutions, which, to establish and to consolidate was the principal object of General Washington's life.

By Mr. Hughes. Gentleman, I will give you the memory of an excellent and distinguished man, who was the personal friend of many of us, and the undoubted friend of America.

The memory of Alexander James Dallas.

By Mr. Coles. The allied sovereigns—May they remember the rights of other nations.

After Mr. Gallatin had retired, the president proposed the health of our worthy friend and minister, Albert Gallatin.

After the President had retired, the vice president proposed our countryman (Mr. Hughes') health and success to him.

When the Marquis rose to leave the table, the company all arose and gave him three hearty cheers (after our Yankee custom) which contributed not a little to amaze and alarm the French household.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum,
Was dissolved by mutual consent on the 23d of April, 1817. The accounts of the partnership will be settled by Cramer & Spear.

E. CRAMER.
JOHN SPEAR.
WM. EICHBAUM, Jun.
Pittsburgh, July 11th, 1817.

NEW
BOOK-STORE.
William Eichbaum, Junior,
BOOK-SELLER AND STATIONER,
SECOND, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS,
HAS opened a *Wholesale and Retail* BOOK-STORE, and intends to keep constantly on hand a general assortment of
Books and Stationary
in the various branches of the business.

W. E. Having a bindery attached to his establishment, will be enabled to bind and rule blank books of every description, to any size or pattern with neatness and despatch.

All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Rags will be bought or taken in exchange for books at the usual prices.

Pittsburgh, July 11, 1817. 2tf

40 Dollars Reward.

RAN away on Saturday evening the 21st inst. an apprentice to the Printing business named
John Rubenthal,
between 18 & 19 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, has grey eyes, a light complexion, a dimple in one of his cheeks, not recollected which but particularly visible when he laughs, fine features, curly sandy hair, and treacherous look. Had on when he eloped, a blue broad cloth coat, a white waistcoat, a pair of blue cloth pantaloons, and a fur hat nearly new, and supposed to have taken with him a new pair of blue mixed pantaloons, also a new bandanna handkerchief, marked W. H. and other cloathing not recollected.

He is supposed to have been enticed away by a journeyman Pressman named Edward K. M'Kenzie, who is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a dark complexion, pock-pitted, ordinary and ill-favoured, and had on a roundabout and pair of pantaloons of mixed cotton—took with him other cloathing, among which a bottle green cloth coat half worn. He ran away without paying his debts.

Twenty dollars reward will be given and all reasonable charges paid for the apprehension of said apprentice, and twenty dollars for the satisfaction of seeing the said M'Kenzie brought to Lancaster.

Lancaster, June 23.
WILLIAM HAMILTON.

N. B. The above described apprentice was taken by me, in Pittsburgh, but effected his escape by jumping from the Second story of a house. I will give an additional reward of TEN DOLLARS, if taken out of the County and delivered to me, at the Jail of Pittsburgh.
SAMUEL HUBLEY, *Jailor.*
Pittsburgh, July 11th 1817.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between *Holdship & Shinn*, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 22d of June.—Those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to Henry Holdship, who is *alone* authorised to settle said accounts.

HENRY HOLDSHIP.
WILLIAM B. SHINN.
Pittsburgh, July 11, 1817. 3

67 BALES
1st quality Tennessee Cotton
FOR SALE BY
J. & J. WASON.
Pittsburgh, July 11, 1817. 6 *Wood st.*

A New School.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has taken a very large and convenient room on Liberty and Third streets, in the city of Pittsburgh, where he intends teaching reading, writing, and common arithmetick, and by his experience in public business and strict attention paid to the tuition of those under *his* care he hopes to merit a share of public patronage.
REUBEN AYRES.
Pittsburgh, July, 11, 1817.

Found.

A POCKET BOOK containing a promissary note and several memoranda was found on the 2d inst. on the bank of the Allegheny river, about six miles above this city. The owner on application at this office will receive information respecting it.
July 11 1817.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to THOMAS JONES, (*Lower Ferry*) for ferriage for the years 1814, 1815 & 1816, and book accounts, are requested to pay off within twenty days, as no longer indulgence can be given.
July 11, 1817. 3

Monongahela Bridge.

NOTICE is hereby given to such of the Stockholders as have not paid the instalments now due on their subscriptions, that if the same is not paid before the 16th inst. the penalties of the law will be rigidly exacted.
By order of the Board of Managers.
JOHN THAW, *Treasurer.*
Pittsburgh, July 11.

G. T. BEYER & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale, on the most reasonable terms—either for CASH or on CREDIT—for approved paper, at their store in Wood, between Third and Fourth-streets.

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Tobacco, Raisins, Almonds, Madeira, Teneriffe and Lisbon wines—Spirits, Brandy, Holland Gin—Looking-glasses Slates, Pocket-books, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

N. B. The highest price given for all kinds of FURS.
Pittsburgh, June 24 ——1aw3m

COPARTNERSHIP.

WILLIAM S. VERNON,
INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has associated MARTIN BLAKE and EDMUND H. LEWIS (formerly of Boston) with him in the COMMISSION BUSINESS, and that in future it will be conducted under the firm of
VERNON, BLAKE, & CO;
who will execute all orders with promptitude and punctuality.

☞ CASH advanced on goods consigned for sale and goods stored and forwarded on commission.

Louisville, May 31, 1817.
Falls of Ohio. 1awtf

TOBACCO, CIGAR,
AND
Snuff Manufactory.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the manufacture of TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF.—Having provided experienced workmen and best leaf, he flatters himself that the articles of his manufacture, will be found equal in quality, and as cheap as any offered.

For the accommodation of country merchants and traders, he will receive in payment most articles of country produce.

All orders gratefully received and promptly executed.

DAVID GREER,
East corner of Market & Liberty streets.
Pittsburgh, May 27, 1817. 1aw6m

Saml. & John Thompson,
Merchant Taylors,
SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large supply of superfine and common cloths, cassimeres and vestings, and as they were principally bought at Auction in Philadelphia, they will be sold very low. They have also obtained the newest fashions, and will continue to supply gentlemen with fashionable cloathing at a short notice. They keep as usual a large supply of made cloathing at reduced prices

Pittsburg, December 1817

M'DONNEL & EKIN,
HAVE RECEIVED,
AND will in future be regularly supplied with the following articles which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

Coffee, first and second quality,
Ditto and loaf sugar,
Imperial and young hyson tea in boxes and chests,
Chocolate, pepper, allspice and ginger,
Mustard in bottles and kegs,
Raisins in boxes and kegs,
Real Spanish segars,
Nutmegs, cloves and cinnamon,
Madder, copperas, redwood and alium,
Cogniac Brandy and Jamaica spirits,
Holland gin and Madeira wine,
Queensware in small crates,
Herring and shad.

They continue to manufacture Tobacco and segars of a superior quality, and cut nails of every description.

Pittsburgh, October 8—1aw1f.

A DRIVER WANTED.

A person of experience in driving, and who is willing to take charge of a pair of fine horses, will hear of an advantageous situation and constant employment, on application at the Pittsburgh Gazette Office.

N. B. None need apply but those that are honest sober, attentive and careful.

Pittsburgh, July 8th 1817.

Late Importation.

WM. HILL,

AT HIS WHOLESALE WARE-HOUSE, OPPOSITE KERRS' HOTEL, IN MARKET-STREET, HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING FRESH GOODS, OF HIS OWN IMPORTATION, VIZ.

30 ps. olive velvet
30 blk. do.
30 Olive Genoa cords
30 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks
30 Cotton tickings
30 Printed marseilles waistcoating
40 Blk. and fancy colored bombazetts
50 Superfine undress'd prints
50 Do. dress'd do.
50 Superfine plate do.
50 4-4 a 6-4 cambrics
50 7-8 a 9-8 shirtings
40 Fancy ginghams
40 Dimities
16 4-4 a 6-4 cotton shawls
50 Doz. 3-4 a 4-4 Madrass hdkfs.
1 Case 180 doz. oz. thread
1 Do. 254 doz. Holland tape & bobbins
1 Do 200 packs, No. 4, 4 1-2 & 5 pins
30 M. Best white chappel sharps assorted
100 Doz. Ivory Combs
100 Doz. Horn Combs
30 lb. best black cloth sewings
50 Do. blue do. do.
40 Do silk twist assorted
36 Doz. mens' white & colored C. half hose
20 Womens' white cotton do.

The above goods were purchased in England, to particular order, by a person of experience, and came out at prime cost. They are now offered for sale on accommodating terms, at the Philadelphia *ps.* prices, with the addition of transportation only.

W. H. Has also a large and well assorted stock at his retail store, S. E. corner of Market and Fourth-streets.

Pittsburgh, June 27.——2awtf

Who wants 20000 Dollars,

A FEW tickets, warranted undrawn, in THE GRAND STATE LOTTERY FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF

Internal Navigation,

which commenced drawing last Monday week, in Philadelphia, may be had (if applied for soon) at S. &M. Allen's

Lottery and Exchange Office,

No. 1, Diamond Row, North of the court house, *Pittsburgh*

*** $20000 highest prize. First drawn 4000 blanks entitled to $8 each.

Present price of tickets, $8, halves 4. quarters 2, eights 1.——Harmony Institute Notes taken at par for tickets.—Bank notes bought and sold as usual.

July 8th, 1817.

Education.

THE subscribers beg leave to return their friends and the public unfeigned thanks for the liberal patronage and encouragement they have hitherto met, and hope by assiduity and attention to the morals and literary improvement of their pupils to merit future countenance and support.

They still occupy that large house in Fourth opposite Ferry street, (formerly the morrocco factory of Scully & Graham) which they have fitted up in the most commodious manner for the reception of scholars, where they continue to teach reading, writing, english grammar, history, geography, arithmetic, book-keeping, and the practical branches of mathematics.

W. & R. MOODY

*** CONVEYANCING, done with accuracy neatness and despatch.

Pittsburgh July 8, 1817.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has removed his Office to the west side of the Diamond, next to Isaac Harris's Store, where he will attend to the drawing of

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Letters of Attorney, Bonds, Notes, Petitions,

And every other description of writings—Administrator and Guardianship accounts will be stated and settled.——Having employed a careful assistant, he can promise that conveyancing will be executed without delay.

He feels grateful for the encouragement hitherto given him and respectfully solicits a continuance of it which he will endeavour to merit by a careful and assiduous attention to the business confided to him

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, April 18, 1817

N. B. Enquire either as above or at the Commissioners office in the Diamond.

AN ACOCUNT OF *LEE'S*

Patent and Family Medicines;

Celebrated for the cure of most diseases to which the human body is liable,

PARTICULARLY

Worms,
Conghs and Colds,
Asthma,
Consumption,
Gout,
Rheumatism
Sprains,
Palsy,
Head ache,
Tooth ache,
Corns,
Itch,
Diseases of the Eyes
Ringworms, Tetters &c.
Inward weaknesses
Nervous Disorders
Female complaints
Hooping cough.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers.

The proprietor has every possible reason tath an result from extensive experience, for believe ing that a dose of these pills, taken once in every two weeks, during the prevalence of our bilious fevers prove an infallible preventative; adsfurther, that in the earlier stages of those din- a their use will very generally succeed in restoring healt', and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—o restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds wh ch are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance—they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

In sickly times or places, a dose should be taken every fortnight, and if there is reason to apprehend personal danger, it may be taken once a week.

They have been found remarkably efficacious n preventing and curing diso ders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S

Worm Destroying Lozenges.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of a similar title so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is, its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent and is so mild in its operation, that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach or bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many other fatal disorders.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectuallyprevent the ',vomiting and purging of children," a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewisethe mildest and most certain remedy known, and the restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaints Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance and an agreeable taste.

HAMILTON'S

Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine fo the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders
Consumptions
Lowness of Spirits
Loss of Appetite
Impurity of the Blood
Hysterical Affections
Inward Weaknesses
Violent Cramps in the stomach and back
Indigestion
Melancholy
Gout in the stomach
Pains in the Limbs
Relaxations, &c

The principal operation of this remedy is in the stomach, restoring the digestive powers, and sending forth from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without inflaming it; braces, without stimulating too violently, the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels, and the general habit, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone; and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations had destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame nto langour and debility.

HAMILTON'S

Essence & Extract of Mustard,

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, astmatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness. white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, &c,

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state and in pills, and thus excellently adapted both for external and internal use.

ITCH CURED,

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment.

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease, (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last ten years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the itch, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by single application: the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but all equ with agreeabley heplea sanests pomatum

THEGENUINE PERSIAN LOTION

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, in preventing and removing blemishes of every kind, on the face and skin, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs tetters, ringworms, sunburn, prickly heat &c.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,

For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Conghs Asthmas, sore throats, and approaching Consumtions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs To parents who have children afflicted with the

Hooping Cough,

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable; the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

HAHN'S

True & Genuine German Corn Plaister

An infaliable remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pains

HAN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes whether the effect of natural weakness or accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

INFALLIBLE

AGUE & FEVER DROPS

For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

The above celebrated medicines are receive, from *LEE'S* Patent Medicine Store, New York and are sold by particular appointment at the store of

MESSRS. BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, who are sole agents for *Pittsburgh.*

November 15, 1816—1awt

For Sale,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND of a good quality, two of which are well improved, one having thereon a well established tanyard. All within from twelve to twenty miles from the city of Pittsburgh. Terms made known by

JOHN M'DONALD.
Wood-street, Pittsburgh.

October 8.—2awtf.

GERMAN GOODS.

Charles Wahrenderff,

HAS imported on his return from Germany to this city, a quantity of German Goods, which he is now opening at Messrs. Richard Bowen & Co's warehouse, corner of Market and Water streets, and offers for sale at the most reduced prices; viz.

An assortment of German Linens,
Platillas royales,
Linen Checks or Listadves,
White Rolls or Cassarillos,
Fine Damask Table cloths, selected in elegant patterns of various sizes,
Table Diaper,
Frame Looking Glasses, Toilett and Pocket ditto
Snuff boxes, Spectacles, & Lead pencils,
A good assortment of Slates,
A number of steel'd Scythes, of a superior quality and size,
Silver & Gold Watches & Jewelry,
Two casks knives,
Mill saws, Hand saws, Gun-locks,
Straw knives, &c.

Merchants will find it their interest to purchase these Goods, which may be had on equally as good terms as the importers east of the mountains can afford to sell them.

Pittsburgh, June 17th, 1817.

Stop the Thief.

THE subscriber, on the 25th ult. at the tavern of William Bratton—on the Wheeling road, near Morristown (Ohio) was robbed of the following articles, by one Michael Datton who lately resided in Zanesville, viz.—A blue factory cotton coat, a red scarlet jacket, a pair of brownish cloth overalls, a new fur black hat with an oil cloth on it, an old fashioned English silver watch, two silk handkerchiefs one cross-barred and the other flowered red, yellow and black, a pocket book with $10 in money, and a white neck kerchief with a red border.

Said Michael Datton is supposed to be dressed in some of the above clothing; he is about 5 feet one inch high, with sandy hair.——Any person who will secure said thief so that he may be brought to punishment, shall receive Ten dollars reward.

PHILIP DYCUS.

Zanesville, July 8, 1817. 3

Bug destroying Liquid,

JUST RECEIVED,

A large quantity of the above effectual exterminator of those troublesome insects, simply by wetting the ends and crevices of Bedsteads, with it. The using of which twice in a season has prevented their ever returning

Sold only by

SAMUEL PETTIGREW, Druggist.
Market near Front street.

N. B. Allowance will be made to those who purchase to sell again.

Pittsburgh, June 6, 1817.

Copperas

OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

MANUFACTURED in Pittsburgh, can be had at all times, either by the keg or ton lower than it can be brought over the mountains, of

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, June 6, 1817. tf

APPROVED

Family Medicines

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health;

(Price $1 50 cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumtions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach removing Costiveness, sickness at the Stomach eadache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial

Or *NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE*

(Price $1 50 cents)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious method for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertsons celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops;

(Price $2)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swelling and weakness of the joints, sprains bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Stomachic Bitters.

(Price One dollar)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and encreasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and all seasons such as intermittent fevers and agues, long and tumnid fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr. Dyott's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the Itch.

Dr. Dyott's

INFALLIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER,

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eye

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Tissot's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MEHIT'S PLAISTER CLOTH,

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all woundstending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines just received and for Sale, by

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,

DRUGGISTS,

WOOD STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND SECOND STREETS,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1yqt

Impediment of Speech.

THE advertiser has adopted a course of application, by which adults and children afflicted with defects in speech may be relieved, and in some cases cured.

For further particulars address a line (post paid) to E X, north-west corner of Union and Third streets, Philadelphia.

May 27, 1817.

FOR SALE,

Cotton, by the bale,
Kentucky Bacon,
Country ditto,—prime,
Bean & Butler.

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1817.

THE SUBSCRIBER

BEGS leave to state, that he has commenced business in the store lately occupied by Mr. JAS. MILLER, in Wood, a few doors south of Fourth street, and has now opened an handsome assortment of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Queensware,
Hardware, &c.

Carefully selected in the city of Philadelphia and which he is enabled and determined to sell for a very moderate profit, for CASH or approved country PRODUCE.

R. HENDERSON.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——4